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### UNSOLVED ISSUES OF CHILD VACCINATION AND MARKETING INVESTIGATION OF THE AVAILABILITY OF TUBERCULOSIS VACCINE IN UKRAINE

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According to WHO statistics, about 9 million people worldwide suffer from tuberculosis (TB) each year. Among them, only 6 million patients are treated. Approximately 1.7 million TB deaths occurred each year [3, 4]. The prevention of TB as the main way to reduce the prevalence of the disease by interrupting the transmission of the pathogen from an infected person to the healthy people is an immediate and main goal of national healthcare programs in many countries [2, 3, 4, 6]. The research aimed was to study the problems of the TB vaccination process in children in Ukraine, to summarize statistics on the incidence of TB in children and adults, to highlight and investigate the steps of the vaccination process where inconsistencies arising, and to conduct marketing research on vaccines availability at the pharmaceutical market in Ukraine.

In Ukraine, in 2019, the Child Immunization Schedule of (CIS) was corrected and adjusted for completely harmonize with the CISs in the EU and the USA [5]. According to the renewal CIS, children should be vaccinated for TB (Bacille Calmette-Guérin – BCG) on the 3-5 days after birth for the first time, and revaccinated at age 7 years old, as it was a long time in Ukraine, is no longer carried out. The newborns who have certain developmental abnormalities, on 1-2 days of life are transferred to specialized children's hospital's department, where vaccination is not carried out because BCG vaccines are not available at these departments. This vaccine is also not available in children's outpatient clinics because children at the 7 years old are no longer vaccinated. Every year, specialists of the State Institution «Center for Public Health of the Ministry of Healthcare of Ukraine» and the State Institution «Center for Medical Statistics of the Ministry of Healthcare of Ukraine» has published an analytical and statistical guideline «Tuberculosis in Ukraine» and others documents concerning the incidence of TB in Ukraine [5]. We have investigated the statistics on the TB incidence for the last three years (tabl. 1).

Table 1

Nosology/years	2018*	2019*	2020*
Pulmonary TB (ICD-10 Codes A15.0 – 3, A16.0 – 2, A19 – partway)	7668	7461	6238
Extra pulmonary TB (ICD-10 Codes A15.0 – 3, A16.0 – 2, A19 – partway)	638	642	500
The total number of TB cases (ICD-10 Codes)	8306	8103	6738
Relapses	1359	1243	1061
New cases	5254	5309	4527

#### Statistics on the TB incidence in Ukraine \*

\*1st quarter of the current year

According to statistics, the dynamics of TB incidence among adults tend to decrease relative to relapses, but for new cases these dynamics are unstable. It should be noted that the adult population of Ukraine is vaccinated during the first days of life and revaccinated at 7 years old. The coverage of the adult population with preventive, fluorographic examinations continues to decrease – up to 45.9% in 2017, and the part of children aged 4-14 years with tuberculin testing decreased from 64.4% in 2012 to 49.7% in 2017. The number of children younger than 1 year of age, who received BCG prophylactic vaccination decreased to 83.6% in 2017, as well as the number of children older than 7 years – to 46.0% in 2017 [1]. The incidence rate of TB in children aged 0-17 years decreased by 15% in

2014 compared to 2013. However, the incidence rate of TB among children is increased by 2.9% in 2018 compared to 2014. In 2014, the incidence rate was 10.1 per 100 000 people, and in 2018 – 10.4 per 100 000 people, or 770 and 788 in absolute indicators, respectively [2, 6]. Therefore, the question on the expediency of withdrawal of BCG revaccination in Ukraine for children at the 7 years old and, if necessary, at 14 years old is arising. In such a situation, the solving of the problem of supplying children's departments of health care establishments (HCE) with the BCG vaccine requires a special approach.

In Ukraine, the CIS from 2019 provides for vaccination against 10 diseases. All vaccinations before the age of 18 are free. Also, adults at risk, including healthcare professionals, students, military, teachers, can get free vaccinations against measles, rubella, and mumps. But, when the absence of BCG vaccine supplying into outpatient pediatric departments of HCE is observed, the purchase of them by their own expense is needed. The marketing analysis of the BCG vaccine assortment in Ukraine, both domestic and foreign manufacturing, allowed to establish their availability on the State Drugs List and price in pharmacies (tabl. 2).

Table 2

The availability of the Deed vaccine and tubercum in the State Drugs Elst					
Nº of registra- tion	Validity from/to	Name/type of formulated prepa- ration	Composition of active substances	Manufacture	Appli- cant
UA/14884/01/01	09.02.2016 - 09.02.2021	Vaccine for the TB prevention; live, dry; BCG-10. Powder and solvent for suspension for intradermal injec- tion, 0.5 mg (10 doses) of powder in a glass ampoule and 1 ml of solvent (isotonic sodium chloride solution) in another glass am- poule, № 5 in a cardboard box	one dose (0.1 ml) of vaccine contains 50 µg of semi-dry mass of BCG mycobacteria, from 150000 to 600000 live BCG mycobacteria	BIOMED- LUBLIN, Joint-Stock Company (vaccine manufacturer), Poland POLPHARM A S.A.; Phar- maceutical Works (sol- vent manufac- turer), Poland	BIOM ED- LUBL IN, Joint- Stock Com- pany, Poland

The availability	of the BCG	vaccine and	tuberculin i	n the Sta	te Drugs List
inc avanability	or the beg	vacune anu	tuber cumi n	n une sta	it Di ugo List

UA/15131/01/01	26.04.2016 - 26.04.2021	BCG vaccine, SSI Vaccine for TB prevention. 0.75 mg of powder and solvent for suspension for injection; 5 vials of powder and 5 vials of solvent on 1 ml in a cardboard box; 10 vials of powder and 10 vials of solvent on 1 ml, placed in separate cardboard boxes	<ul> <li>1 dose (0.1 ml) of dissolved vaccine for adults and children 12 months and older contains: <i>My-cobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331, live weakened – 2-8 x105</li> <li>CFU; 1 dose (0.05 ml) of dissolved vaccine for newborns and infants under 12 months contains: <i>Mycobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331, live weakened – 1-4 x105 CFU; 1 vial contains 0.75 mg of powder <i>Mycobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331</li> <li>1 ml of dissolved vaccine contains <i>Mycobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331</li> <li>1 ml of dissolved vaccine contains <i>Mycobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331</li> <li>1 ml of dissolved vaccine contains <i>Mycobacterium bovis BCG</i></li> <li>Danish strain 1331, live weakened, corresponding to 0.75 mg/ml – 2-8 x 106 CFU.</li> <li>1 vial of dissolved vaccine contains 1 ml, corresponding to 10 doses for adults and children older 12 months (0.1 ml each) or 20 doses for newborns and infants older than 12</li> </ul>	Statens Serum Institute, Denmark	Stat- ens Serum Insti- tute, Den- mark
			months (0.05 ml).		
			Tuberculin:		
UA/16739/01/01	05.06.2018 - - 05.06.2023	<i>Tuberculin PPD</i> <i>RT 23 SSI</i> . Solution for injection 2 TO/0.1 ml on 1.5 ml of solution (15 doses) in a vial; 1 or 10 vials in a cardboard box	1 dose (0.1 ml) contains: 0.04 μg of tuberculin PPD RT 23 (2 TO). 1 vial (1.5 ml) contains: 15 doses of Tuberculin PPD RT 23 SSI (2 TO/0.1 ml)	AJ Vaccines A/S, Denmark	Stat- ens Serum Insti- tute, Den- mark
UA/16761/01/01	15.06.2018 15.06.2023	Tuberculin PPD RT 23 SSI. Solution for injection 2 TO/0.1 ml on 1.5 ml in bulk: in vials № 1300-1400 in a plastic bag	1 dose (0.1 ml) contains: 0.04 μg of tuberculin PPD RT 23 (2 TO). 1 vial (1.5 ml) contains: 15 doses of Tuberculin PPD RT 23 SSI (2 TO/0.1 ml)	AJ Vaccines A/S, Denmark	Stat- ens Serum Insti- tute, Den- mark

UA/16762/01/01	15.06.2018 15.06.2023	Tuberculin PPD RT 23 SSI. Solution for injection 2 TO/0.1 ml; on 1.5 ml of solution (15 doses) in a vial; 1 vial complete with 15 self-locking syringes in contour packaging or without contour packaging in a cardboard box	1 dose (0.1 ml) contains: 0.04 μg of tuberculin PPD RT 23 (2 TO); 1 vial (1.5 ml) contains: 15 doses of Tuberculin PPD RT 23 SSI (2 TO /0.1 ml)	LUMIER PHARMA Ltd, Ukraine	LUMI ER PHAR MA Ltd, Ukrain e
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The cost of tuberculin in pharmacies in Ukraine ranged from 176 to 189 UAH. or ~ 6 Euro. The cost of the BCG vaccine has not been established, as it is delivered directly only to maternity hospitals. Only the Uro-BCG vaccine, which costs UAH 3000 or ~ 95 Euro, is available at pharmacies. In some private HCE, vaccination is offered as a service with a pediatrician's examination and its cost is from UAH 100 until UAH 1000. However, BCG vaccination is not offered.

Conclusions. It is necessary to introduce a new approach to the BCG vaccination process in newborns who are transferred during the first days of life to specialized departments of HCE and are not vaccinated in maternity hospitals. Understanding the problems in society met by the patient can help not only to solve some of them but also to consciously approach the need for vaccination and revaccination of children. Early and timely detection of TB patients is a necessary condition for their rapid and complete treatment and is decisive to prevent and reduce the spread of infections, as patients with advanced pulmonary TB are epidemically dangerous.

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# АСПЕКТИ ДОСЛІДЖЕННЯ CALTHA PALUSTRIS

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Калюжниця болотна (*Caltha palustris*) – це багаторічна трав'яниста рослина, що використовується як декоративна, харчова та лікарська рослина.

Caltha palustris поширена у всіх високогірних районах Українських Карпат. Росте на берегах водойм, вологих луках, озерах, заболо-